THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. XXI. TUESDAY EVENING, September 9, 1806. No. 1042.

Pittsburgh: Printed by *John Scull*, in Front-Street, next door to the corner of Market-Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE *PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.*

Two Dollars a Year—One Dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, the other at the end of Six Months, if demanded. When the paper is sent by post the postage must be paid in addition to the subscription.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three times for One Dollar, and every continuance after 25 Cents. Those exceeding a square in proportion. Persons sending advertisements will please note the number of times they wish them inserted.

☞ *PRINTING in general executed with neatness and dispatch.*

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1806.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be sold at the court house, in the borough of Pittsburgh, on Tuesday the 9th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, *A. M.* all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, in law and equity, either in possession, remainder or reversion, of Jonathan Henderson, in or to the following several tracts of Depreciation Land, in Cunningham's district, Allegheny county, heretofore granted by patent to Edward Bartholomew, Esq. to wit. —No. 112, containing 235 acres and 15 perches; —No. 120, 219 acres;—No. 121, 219 acres; —No. 122, 219 acres;—No. 123, 219 acres; —No. 124, 219 acres;—No. 125, 219 acres; —No. 146, 219 1-4 acres;—No. 147, 235 acres; No. 152, 235 acres;—No. 153, 212 1-2 acres, more or less. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by me

WM. M'CANDLESS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the court of common pleas of Allegheny county, to me directed, will be exposed to sale at the court house, in the borough of Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, the sixteenth day of September next, at 9 o'clock, *A. M.* the following property, to wit.

Two lots, in the borough of Pittsburgh, marked on the general plan of said town, No. 160 and 161—situate on Front street, adjoining lots of the heirs of James Fleming, Thomas Collins, and the heirs of Conrad Winnebiddle. Seized and taken in execution as the estate late of David Duncan in the hands of his executors.

One half of lot No. 12, in Elizabeth town, 30 feet in front on Water street, and extending back one hundred and twenty feet; on which is a house eighteen feet by twenty four, two stories high with a brick chimney. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Robert Scott.

Thirty six acres of Land, more or less, situate in Pine township, three and a half miles from Pittsburgh, near the Franklin road, adjoining lands of John Simpson, I. D. Williams and others. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Thome.

One lot on Brackenridge street in the borough of Pittsburgh on which blind Robert Knox lately lived—forty-six feet, by forty-eight, on which is a small log house weatherboarded. *Also*, the interest of the said Robert Knox, at the time of his decease, in one half lot, No. 297, and one other half lot, No. 298, on Second street and Cherry alley, near the academy ground, which half of these two lots is under a perpetual lease and rent reserved to the said Knox, of fifteen dollars per annum. Seized and taken in execution as the property of blind Robert Knox, deceased, and to be sold by

WM. M'CANDLESS, Sheriff.

Pittsburgh, *August* 27, 1806.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to Sale at the Court House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Friday the 19th of September, inst.

All the interest of Andrew Herd in a certain Lot or Piece of Ground situate in the Pittsburgh Manor, and marked on the plan of the Coal Hill lots No. 55, containing in breadth on the line of a tract of land granted to Jacob Bausman, eight perches, and extending that breadth from the said line, and at right angles therewith, northwardly to a certain road, bounded northwestwardly partly by Coal Hill lot No. 54, northeastwardly by said road, southeastwardly by Coal Hill lot No. 56, and southwestwardly by said Bausman's land. Also, one hundred and four feet of the west end of a tract of land, (late the property of John and Jane Ormsby) running with the margin of the Monongahela river to Coal Hill lot claimed by Jacob Bausman, thence with said lot on the eastern boundary thereof with the Coal Hill so far as the said John and Jane Ormsby's claim may extend, thence with the said line one hundred and forty four feet, thence with a strait line to the place of beginning on the said river bank, on which is erected a Stone House 33 feet by 23, two stories high, and a stable. Taken in execution and to be sold by

WM. M'CANDLESS, *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh, September 2, 1806.

WOOLMAN GIBSON,

At the corner of Front and Market Streets, is now opening a large and well chosen assortment of

Seasonable Goods,

which he purchased from the most extensive cash houses in Philadelphia.

ELEGANT chintzes and fancy cottons
Silk and cotton chambray muslins
4-4 and 6-4 white and black cambric muslins
Lutestrings, senshaws and mantuas
Chocolate, scarlet, blue and yellow bandanoes
Madras, pullicats and pocket handkerchiefs
Fine chintz shawls and cotton handkerchiefs
4-4 and 6-4 damask silk shawls
4-4 and 6-4 elegant white silk pic nic shawls
Black silk, love and barcelona handkerchiefs
A large quantity of silk gloves and pic nic mitts
Mens and womens silk and cotton hose
4-4 shirting cambric muslins
1 case 4-4 Irish linnens from 50 cents to 150 cents per yard
Dutch linnens for sheeting, and elegant table cloths
5 bales India muslins some of which are 5-4 wide at 25 cents per yard
White platillas and brown holland
Black, olive & blue constitution cords & velvets
Cotton cassimer, grandurills and coloured nankeens
President cord in imitation of Bennet's
superfine black, blue and drab cloths
Buff, scarlet, blue and mixt 6-4 common cloths
Blue, black, white and buff cassimers
4 bales superior ingrain carpeting dark and lively colours
400 pair womens leather slippers at one dollar a pair
Womens plain and spangled kid and morocco shoes
Childrens red and green, plain and Jefferson do.
Mens and boys coarse and fine leather do.
Silk and cotton suspenders
A large and handsome collection of Books
Blank books from 1 to 7 quire, plain and ruled
Gilt and plain post and foolscap paper
Playing cards of the best quality
6 cards elegant penknives, quills and wafers
Bell metal kettles,
Copper, patent and iron tea kettles
Box and post coffee mills
Large and small scalebeams and steelyards
Saddlery of every kind and newest patterns
Plated and brass candlesticks
Pen, pocket and sportsmans knives
Elegant white and green ivory handled knives and forks with carvers compleat
Strong buck and bone rivetted handled ditto
Butchers knives and steels
Iron and pewter tea and table spoons
Common and patent brass cocks
Cast steel handsaws, drawing knives & hatchets
Commode handles of new pattern and kinds
A variety of mounting for cabinet makers
Watch chains, finger rings, ear drops, and breast pins
Butt hinges and screws of all sizes
Large and small iron and wood locks
Padlocks and case hardened horse locks
Mill, crosscut and pit saws
Anvils, vices, spades and shovels
Crowley steel, warranted first quality
Red and white dry lead
20 kegs white lead, ground in oil
Spanish brown and yellow ochre
Verdigrise and spirits of turpentine
Castor, sweet, and British oil
Cream tartar, sulpher and glauber salts
Godfrey's cordial and Bateman's drops
Anderson's and Hooper's pills
Souchong, young hyson and hyson skin teas
Coffee, chocolate, pepper and alspice
Muscovado, lump and loaf sugars
Spanish Indigo and fig blue
Copperas, allum, madder, redwood & logwood
Madeira, Port and Sherry wines
Brandy, spirits and whiskey by the barrel
15 casks gunpowder, and bar lead
Spanish segars, plug and cut-and-dry tobacco
Scotch and rappee snuff
English cheese from 50 to 75 lb.
China, in tea sets 35 to 40 dolls.
China coffee and tea cups and saucers
Blue Nankin china in several sets
China mantle ornaments
Blue china chambers, wash bowls and pitchers
White and gilt do. do. do.
Blue china plates, large and small
200 dollars worth of plated castors and tea trays
Elegant mahogany liquor cases, with gilt bottles
Best English cut tumblers and wine glasses
Water bottles, decanters in pairs and salt stands
Quart, pint, half pint and gill tumblers

With a variety of other goods which he will sell low, particularly to those who purchase to sell. In exchange for any of the above goods he will receive country linnen, whiskey, and almost any kind of produce in payment.

He has also a young bay *HORSE*, 5 years old, for sale, which he will sell low. Also, an elegant *SHOTGUN*, which cost 50 dollars in New-York.

☞ A Young Man, who can come well recommended as to integrity and ability, will meet with a generous salary.

He has a large and commodious cellar which he appropriates for storing goods secure from fire.

*** *STORES* carefully put up for persons descending the river.

Pittsburgh, June 30, 1806. tf.

SAW MILLS.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they have the exclusive right of selling Moses Coats patent for *erecting*, *backing*, and *setting Machinery* to *Saw Mills*, for all the State of Pennsylvania, west of the mountains, and the privilege of selling in any other place. It would be difficult in an advertisement to explain this useful and simple machinery, suffice it to say, that by it the Mill backs and sets so that after the log is put on the carriage, it is not again touched until the log is completely sawed to any sized boards that may be wished, at which time she shuts herself.

Their own Mill with this machinery, may be seen in operation by any person at any time when the water will allow of sawing. A view of which will convince any person of the immense advantage to be derived from this machinery.

JOHN MORGAN,
GEORGE MORGAN, Jr.

Morganza Mills, Washington county, (Pa.) August 19, 1806.

Came to the plantation of the

subscriber living in Washington county, Robinson township, within two miles of Racoon meeting house, on the 20th July last, a chesnut sorrel HORSE, with white mane, face, tail and feet, about 4 years old last spring, and 13 or 14 hands high. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

DANIEL LINK.

August 20, 1806.

Land for Sale

A VALUABLE Farm containing two hundred acres, on the waters of Girty's Run, six miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract there is a good two story square log House, and upwards of thirty acres of clear land, part of which is in good grass, together with good stabling.—The whole of the improvements are new and in good order, and the land of the first quality.

Also, one hundred and forty eight acres on the waters of Pine Creek, twelve miles from Pittsburgh. On this farm there is fifteen acres of clear land, part in grass, together with a good cabin and stable. This land is of a good quality.

Also, two hundred acres on the waters of Conequenessing creek, in Butler county, six miles from Butler Town. On this farm there is a small improvement. This land is of the first quality. For terms apply to PHILIP MOWRY, Pine Grove mills, on Pine creek.

August 25, 1806. tf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons who cross the Monongahela river at Craig's Ferry, by the year, are hereby forwarned from paying William Ward, or any other person, any money that may be due for the same, from October 1805, without a written order from the subscriber

SARAH CRAIG.

Pittsburgh, *August* 21, 1806.

SHORTLY WILL BE PUBLISHED,
(Price 1 dollar per doz.) THE

Pittsburgh Magazine Almanack,

FOR 1807.

☞ AMONG other new and interesting matter, this Almanac will contain, an abstract view of A TOUR up the RED, BLACK, and WASHITA rivers in *Louisiana*, as performed by *Doctor Hunter*, *Mr. Dunbar*, and others, who were employed by the United States for the purpose of making a survey of these rivers, of the adjacent country, and of the *Hot Springs* in the vicinity of the last river.—With a notice of vegetables, minerals, animals, salt springs, Indians, silver mines, stones, plants, trees, situation and soil of the country—And an account of the great plains to the westward, and the great dividing mountain which separates the waters of the Missouri from those of the Pacific Ocean—of rock salt—the silver pin—a singular idea of the Indians respecting the universal deluge—the natural bridge—of the Arkansa and White rivers—the shining mountains—plaister of Paris—coal mine—Turkey oil stones, &c. &c.

It will also contain the advice of a father to his son on the choice of a wife; the advice of a father to his daughters, on conduct in life, behaviour, friendship, love and marriage.

Will also be published,
(Price 50 cents per doz.)

The Common Pittsburgh Almanack, for 1807.

☞ Orders for these and German Almanacks, merchants will please to forward early, and much oblige their friend,

Sept. 1, 1806. *ZADOK CRAMER.*

PROFILES,

Accurately and handsomely cut.—Also, *House Painting* and *Papering*, *Sign Painting* and *Oil Gilding*, executed in the most masterly manner, by LOUIS HUEBER, at Mrs. Earl's in Market Street.

Pittsburgh, September 1, 1806.

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

Interesting Biographical Sketch of the

LIFE OF LORD NELSON.

IN the year 1770, his Lordship entered on board the Raisonable of 64 guns, commanded by his maternal uncle, captain Suckling, and from him received the rudiments of naval tactics. We cannot follow him through the brilliant career of his services in every quarter of the globe—first in the *West-Indies*; afterwards with Lord *Mulgrave* to the north pole, where, our readers know, the two first ships were enveloped in ice, and where the labor of of the crews could hardly move them amidst the shoals.

At this early period, the eager character of his mind displayed itself. He procured a sort of boat, to move either on or off the ice, to explore channels; and a pleasing anecdote is told of the youth at this time. He was one night missing from the ship; search was made for him in all directions—it was imagined he was lost. At day-break he was discovered at a distance on the ice, with a musket, in pursuit of an immense bear, which he had followed the whole night, in hopes of killing. On his return, captain Lutwidge demanded what motive could have induced him to quit the ship at such an hour, and at such a season? The Young hero with great simplicity replied, "I wished sir to get the skin for my father."

He then went to the West-Indies, and on his return was made a lieutenant in 1777. He then went to Jamaica, in the Lowestoffe, as a second lieutenant. He was made Post in 1779, and his first ship was the Hochinbroke. From this time his services became so conspicuous, as to be generally known, and we need not enumerate the brilliant series, as it is imprinted on every heart.

We cannot, however refrain from inserting here the narrative of Lord Nelson's first encounter with the Santissima Trinidad, in 1797, as most admirably related by Col. Drinkwater.

"When Sir John Jervis (now Lord St. Vincent) on the 14th of February, 1797, had accomplished his bold design of breaking the enemy's line, the Spanish admiral, who had been separated to windward with his main body, consisting of 11 ships of the line, from 9 ships that had been cut off to leeward, appeared to make a movement as with a view to join the latter. The design was completely frustrated, by the timely opposition of commodore Nelson, whose station in the rear of the British line, afforded him an opportunity of observing this manoeuvre. His ship, the Captain, had no sooner passed the rear of the enemy's ships that were to windward, than he ordered her to wear, and stood on the other tack towards the enemy. In executing this bold and decisive manoeuvre, the commodore reached the sixth ship from the *enemy's* rear, which bore the Spanish Admiral's flag, the Santissima Trinidada, of 136 guns; a ship of 4 decks, reported to be the largest in the world. Notwithstanding the inequality of force, the commodore intsantly engaged the colossal opponent; and for a considerable time had not only to contend with her, but with her seconds ahead and astern, each of three decks. *While* with admiration, mixed with *anxiety*, his friends were *flying* to his support; the *enemy's* attention was soon directed to the Culloden, capt. Trowbridge, and in a short time after to the Blenheim of 90 guns, captain Frederick, who opportunely came to his assistance. The intrepid conduct of the commodore, staggered the Spanish admiral, who *already* appeared to waver in his intention of joining the ships cut off by the British fleet; when the Culloden's timely arrival and captain Trowbridge's spirited support of the commodore, together with the approach of the Blenheim, followed by Rear-admiral Parker, with the Prince George, Orion, Irresistable and Diamond, not far distant, determined the Spanish admiral to change his design altogether, and throw out the signal for the ships of the main *body* to haul their wind, and make sail on the larboard tack.

Not a moment was lost in improving the advantage now apparent in favor of the British squadron; as the rear-admiral Parker's division approached the enemy's ships in support of the Captain (Commodore Nelson's ship) and her gallant seconds, the Blenheim and Culloden, the cannonade became more animated and impressive. In this manner did commodore Nelson engage a Spanish three decker, until he had *nearly* expended all his ammunition, and his ship had suffered the loss of her fore-topmast, and received such considerable damage in her sails and rigging, that she was almost rendered *hors du combat*. At this critical moment, the Spanish three-decker having lost her mizen-mast, fell on board a Spanish two-decker of 84 guns, that was her second; this latter ship now *consequently* became the commodore's opponent, and a most vigorous fire was kept up for some time by both sides within pistol shot.

It was now that the commodore's ship lost many men, and the damages sustained through the long arduous conflict which she had maintained, appeared to render a continuance of the contest in the usual way, precarious. At this moment, the Commodore from a sudden impulse, resolved on a bold and decisive measure; and determined, whatever might be the event, to attempt his opponent sword in hand—the boarders were summoned, and orders

given to *lay* his ship on board the *enemy*.—Fortune favors the brave; nor on this occasion was she unmindful of her favorite. *Ralph Willet Miller*, the commodore's captain, so judiciously directed the course of his ship, that he laid her aboard the starboard quarter of the Spanish 84—her spritsail yard passing over the *enemy's* poop, and hooking in her mizen shrouds; when the word to board being given, the officers and seamen destined to this perilous *duty*, headed by *lieut. Berry*, together with the detachment of the 69th regiment, commanded by lieutenant Parsons, then doing *duty* as marines on board the Captain, passed with rapidity on board the enemy's ship; and in a short time the San Nicholas was in possession of her intrepid assailants.

The commodore's ardor would not permit him to remain an inactive spectator of this scene. He was aware that the attempt was hazardous; and he thought that his presence might animate his brave companions, and contribute to the success of this bold enterprize; he therefore, as if by magic impulse, accompanied the party in the bold attack, passing from the forechains of his own ship to the *enemy's quarter gallery*, and thence through the cabin to the quarter deck, where he arrived, in time to receive the sword of the *dying* commander, who had been mortally wounded by the boarders. He had not been long *employed* in taking the *necessary* measures to secure his hard earned conquest, when he found himself engaged in a more arduous task. The stern of the three-decker, his former opponent, was placed directly amidships of the weather-beam of the prize San Nicholas; and from her poop and galleries the *enemy sorely annoyed with musquetry* the British who had boarded the San Nicholas. The commodore was not long in resolving upon the conduct to be adopted on this momentous occasion; the two alternatives that presented themselves to his unshaken mind, were to quit the prize, or instantly board the three-decker. Confident in the *bravery* of his seamen, he determined on the latter.—Directing therefore an additional number of men to be sent from the Captain on board the San Nicholas, the undaunted commodore, whom no dangers ever appalled, headed himself the assailants in this new attack, exclaiming—*Westminster Abbey, or glorious victory!* Success in a few minutes, and with little loss, crowned the enterprize. Such indeed was the panic occasioned by his preceding conduct, that the British no sooner appeared on the quarter-deck of their new opponent, than the Spanish commandant advanced, and asked for the British commanding officer, dropped on the knee and presented his sword, apologising at the same time for the Spanish admiral's not appearing, as he was dangerously wounded. For a moment commodore Nelson could scarcely persuade himself of this second instance of good fortune; he therefore ordered the Spanish commandant, who had the rank of a brigadier, to assemble the officers on the quarter deck, and directed means to be taken instantly, for communicating to the crew the surrender of the ship. All the officers appeared, and the commodore had the surrender of the San Joseph duly confirmed (in a short time after taking possession of the other ship) by each of them delivering his sword.

The cockswain of the commodore's barge (*John Sykes*, since dead) had attended close *by his* side throughout this perilous attempt. To him the commodore gave in charge the swords of the Spanish officers as he received them; and the undaunted tar, as *they* were delivered to him tucked *those honorable trophies* under his arm, with all the coolness imaginable.

It was at that moment also *that* a British sailor *who had long fought* under the commodore, came up in the fulness of his heart, and excused *the liberty he was taking, asked to shake him by the hand, to congratulate him upon seeing him safe upon the quarter deck of a Spanish three decker.*

This new conquest had scarcely submitted, and the *commodore* returned on board the *San Nicholas*, when the latter ship was discovered to be on fire in two places. At *the* first moment appearances were alarming; but *the* presence of mind and resources of *the commodore* and his officers in this emergency, *soon* got *the* fire under. A signal was immediately made *by the* Captain for boats to assist in disentangling her from the two prizes; and as she was incapable of further service until she was refitted, the *commodore* again for the moment hoisted his pendant on board La Minerva frigate; and in the evening shifted it to the Irresistable, Captain Martin; but as soon as the Captain was refitted, he re-hoisted *his* pendant on board *the* little *ship*.

For *such distinguished* gallantry, on *the* 14*th of* February, he received *the* insignia *of the Bath*, and *the* GOLD MEDAL, from his Sovereign, and was also presented with *the* freedom *of London in a Gold Box*.

It is most remarkable that Lord Nelson should have survived *the* many severe wounds, and still more exhausted fatigues, *which he* suffered before he was struck *by the* fatal *shot*. But *the* first great endowment *of* nature, an inextinguishable spirit, bore *him through* all his sufferings; and no experience of danger, had served to abate his ardor.

He was engaged *in upwards of one hundred and twenty-four actions with the enemy; in all of which his* bravery *and skill were conspicuous. He lost one eye at Calvi, and one arm at Teneriffe; and on all occasions proved that he tho't his body, as well as his mind, were the property of his country.*

His humanity was as *conspicuous as his* courage and *his* judgment. In *the* memorable battle *of the* Nile, *which* will be recorded in the annals of mankind, until the *human race be wholly extinct*, knowing that the wounded *of his own ships would* be taken care of, he bent his first attention *to those of the enemy*. He established a truce *with the* commandant at Aboukir, and thro' him made a communication to the commandant of Alexandria, that it was his intention to allow all the wounded French to be taken a shore to proper Hospitals, with their own surgeons to attend them; a proposal that was assented to by the French, and carried into execution the following day. Thus amidst all the glow of patriotism, and exultation of victory, the Hero did *not loose* sight of Humanity, and a due sense *of compassion for* his fellow-creatures.

Such was the distinguished talents, and unparalleled services of this great man.

From the Secret History of the Court and Cabinet of St. Cloud.

The following Anecdote is related of DUROC, one of Bonaparte's particular favorites:

AMONG Talleyrand's female agents, sent to cajole Paul I. during the latter part of his reign, was a madame Bonœil, whose real name is de F——. When this unfortunate prince was no more, most of the French male and female intriguers in Russia thought it necessary to shift their quarters, and to expect instructions from Paris, where and how to proceed. Madame Bonoeil had removed to Koenigsberg. In the second week of May, 1801, when Duroc passed through that town for St. Petersburgh, he visited this lady, according to the orders of Bonaparte, and obtained from her a list of the names of the principal persons, who were inclined to be serviceable to France, and might be trusted by him upon the present occasion. By inattention or mistake she had mis-spelled the name of one of the most trusty and active adherents of Bonaparte; and Duroc therefore, instead of addressing himself to the Polish count de S—lz, went to the Polish count de S—tz. This latter was as much flattered as surprised, upon seeing an aid-de-camp and envoy of the First Consul of France enter his apartments, seldom visited before but by usurers, gamesters, and creditors; and on hearing the object of this visit, began to think either the envoy mad or himself dreaming. Understanding, however, that money would be of little consideration, if the point desired by the First Consul could be carried, he determined to take advantage of this fortunate hit, and invited Duroc to sup with him the same evening; when he promised him he should meet with persons who could do his business, provided his pecuniary resources were as ample as had been stated.

This count de S—tz, was one of the most extravagant and profligate subjects that Russia had acquired by the partition of Poland. After squandering away his own patrimony, he had ruined his mother and two sisters, and subsisted now entirely by gambling and borrowing. Among his associates, in similar circumstances with himself, was a chevalier de Gausac, a French adventurer, pretending to be an emigrant from the vicinity of Thoulouse. To him was communicated what had happened in the morning; and his advice was asked how to act in the evening. It was soon settled that de Gausac should be transformed into a Russian count de W——, a nephew and confidential secretary of the chancellor of the same name; and that one Caumartin, another French adventurer, who taught fencing at St. Petersburgh, should act the part of prince de M—— an aid-de-camp to the emperor: and that all three together should strip Duroc, and share the spoil. At the appointed hour Bonaparte's agent arrived, and was completely the dupe of these adventurers, who plundered him of twelve hundred thousand livres, 50,000l. Though not many days passed before he discovered the imposition, prudence prevented him from denouncing the impostures; and this blunder would have remained a secret between himself, Bonaparte, and Talleyrand, had not the unusual expenses of Caumartin excited the suspicion of the Russian police minister, who soon discovered the source from which they had flowed. Gausac had the imprudence to return to this capital last spring, and is now shut up in the Temple, where he probably will be forgotten.

As this loss was more ascribed to the negligence of Madame Bonoeil, than to the mismanagement of Duroc, or his want of penetration, his reception at the Thuileries, though not so gracious as on his return from Berlin, nineteen months before, was however such as convinced him, that if he had not increased, he had at the same time not lessened, the confidence of his master; and indeed shortly afterwards Bonaparte created him first prefect of his palace, and procured him for a wife the only daughter of a rich Spanish banker. Rumour however says, that Bonaparte was not quite uninterested, when he commanded and concluded this match, and that the fortune of Madame Duroc has paid for the expensive supper of her husband with Count de S——tz at St. Petersburgh."

LONDON, *July* 1.

We received yesterday, a letter from a respectable house at Hamburg. It gives the following article, which, it adds, was communicated by the French minister in that city, as the outline of the expected changes on the continent.

NEW CONSTITUTION IN GERMANY.

"Bavaria, Wirtemberg, Baden, which is to be considerably aggrandized, Nassau, and some other districts, comprising the country all along the Rhine, to form a federative body, under the immediate protection of France.

"Switzerland to be divided. One third to be given to Baden, one third to the kingdom of Italy, and one third to France.

"Denmark and Sweden, excluded from Germany, and from all deliberative influences in its affairs. The former to remain distinct for itself—the latter to be treated, as to Pomerania as she may behave. Some say Pomerania and Mecklinburg are both to fall to Prussia; which, with Austria, are independent powers, and on their own bottoms with regard to the former system of the empire. The emperor of the latter to resign his title of chief of the German empire, remaining only emperor of his own states.

"Hamburg, and some say all Holstein, Bremen, and Lubeck, federative and independent, under the protection of France, whose emperor is to enjoy in those territories henceforward, the same authorities which the emperor of Germany formerly exercised. The inhabitants of this federative state shall be called the Franks, being the land where the ancient Franks sprang from.

"Diet of the empire to be abolished.

"Saxony, not mentioned.

"These alterations to take place immediately; the army then to be called back to assist at the grand festivals at Paris, which are to take place very shortly."

At Hamburg, letters have been received from Prussia, stating that several Swedish frigates had appeared before Memel, Dantzick, and other Prussian ports in the Baltic, in order to blockade them. The captain who has the command before Dantzick informed the Pilots that he would suffer all Danish ships to enter, and those laden with corn only to come out.

NEGOCIATION.—The rise of stocks has occasioned some speculation, which has at the same time operated as a cause. We believe that the vast sums lodged within these few weeks by foreigners, in our funds, have produced the rise in their price. This influx of money has been the result of two causes: first, the exemption of foreign property from the income tax; the latter, the hostility deeply felt, tho' sullenly expressed, of the Dutch to their new monarch.

We give the title of *negociation* to this article, because we believe that some attempts at a negociation have been made, insidious on one side and suspected by the other. "There needs, indeed, no ghost to come from the grave to tell us," that peace is the policy of Bonaparte; because, in peace alone, he can carry on his transmarine projects; because, in peace alone, he can diminish the British navy and raise his own. We believe that he offers to make some apparent sacrifices at the shrine of peace; we believe that he will offer to restore Hanover to this country. This is *apparently* indulging us in a point of *honor*; but really obtaining the end of his wishes by stabbing the vitals of the interests of this country. For the restoration of Hanover he will require the cession of the cape of Good Hope, perhaps of Malta itself. He knows that he can resume the possession of Hanover whenever he pleases to exact another political contribution from this country, and that it will be difficult for us to retake the Cape, and impossible to regain Malta. We have too high an opinion of the good sense, abilities and patriotism of our ministers, to believe them capable of making cessions of so important a nature, for an acquisition precarious in every respect but a name. The only equivalent that we can fairly give for Hanover, is the islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon on the coast of Newfoundland, which we can as easily take on the breaking out of a war, as the French can possess Hanover.

Peace will not check the ambitious designs and progress of the emperor of the French.—Causes and pretexts are always preparing in the crucible of his mind, to produce the most extraordinary and unresisted effects. Thus having taken possession of Venice, he claims all places which at any period of history belonging to that state; by this sweeping claim, Candia, Cyprus, the Morea and the Archipelago, are to become a part of his dominions.—As a link in the same chain of argument, he will demand the greatest part of the continent of Europe, Asia and Africa, because they once made a part of the empire of Rome, a city, of which he is in possession. Let not our serious reader start! Let not levity laugh! We believe these extravagant views to be within the ken of his imagination; and that the prospect is not bounded even by the acquisition of the British Islands. He is now fomenting differences between Spain and America, that he may when peace with England enables him to cross the Atlantic, resume the possession of Louisiana, and by degress spread his legions over the United States.

Must we then remain forever in a state of war; The accident of a moment may sweep away all the projects, and restore peace to the world. The Antipaters, Seleucu's, Perdicas's who will succeed the Alexander of the west, will probably destroy the fabric of usurpations, by seperate interests, claims, participations, and leave to France her natural and social limits. Much as we wish for such an event, we most solemnly deprecate any secret conspiracy that would hasten it. Open, generous hostility is the character of this country; and we believe none of our countrymen were privy to the late real attempts, which have been as industriously hushed, as the fictitions plots have circulated.

In the mean time we recommended economy to the government and unanimity to our countrymen. We can assure the former that the latter neither expect nor desire peace at this period; that the people of England will strain every nerve, will submit to every privation, in order to co-operate with the measures of government, planned by political sagacity, conducted without profusion and executed with energy and courage.

The report in the city yesterday was, that Mr. Fox. had sent his confidential secretary after Mr. Adair to Vienna, with instructions by which the latter may be enabled to open a communication with Mr. D'Oubril the Russian minister at that city, and conditionally proceed with him to Paris. The funds were not much affected by this new rumour.

Baron Jacobi, the Prussian ambassador, has applied for his passport, preparatory to his leaving this country for Berlin.

Government has received advices from Mr. Stanley, the British consul at Trieste, stating that a proclamation had been issued at that place, bearing date the 26th of May, which notified, that such English and Prussians vessels as might be in the port of Trieste, or any of the ports of the Adriatic, were to quit them in the space of three days, unless prevented from so doing by stress of weather; and that the said ports would continue shut against the English and Russians.

READING.

PLAUTUS, the poet and philosopher, in the early part of his life, was much given to the vanities of the world, and, owing to the great vivacity which nature had given him, was very irregular in his conduct. He began his career in life in the capacity of a soldier, after which he tempted fortune on the hazardous ocean. He next learned the trade of a baker, then became a tayler, next a merchant, and continued his pursuits in a variety of other professions, till at last he commenced philosopher. Being one day asked in which of his professions he found the most satisfaction, he thus replied! "There is no condition, of which we do not wish for a change; no post of honour without danger; no riches without labour and inquietude; no prosperity so permanent as not to have an end; nor any pleasure so agreeable as not to last to tire us; so that, if I have ever experienced any peace and tranquility, it is only since I have given myself to reading."

This philosopher was indeed very right in making those just observations; for whatever other vanities of this world we may be engaged in, we only encrease our inquietude, our wants, our desires and solicitations. After having obtained and experienced them all, a few moments of enjoyment are sufficient to disgust us with them. The principal reason of all this is, that we never properly esteem that which we possess, but sigh too much after the enjoyments of others.

An application to reading delivers us from those agitations; for it learns us to know the vanity of all things, since the dead, who tell no falsities, teach and persuade us by their experience. The solidity of their conversation is infinitely preferable to the flighty vivacity of the living. If we wish to know what is necessary for our good, they will instruct us without hypocrisy; if we have an inclination to learn the sciences, they will teach us them without fee; if we wish to learn the maxims of states, they will explain them without ostentation; if prudence urges us to learn the principles of economy, they will voluntarily teach us; and if we are desirous to acquire theological knowledge we may find it in those masters without pride or parade.

[*Moral Sketches.*]

CHEERFULNESS.

I pity the man who can live gloomily in this rich, variegated and beautiful world; who can walk abroad and not admire the canopy of heaven; in lifting up his eyes is not enraptured with the vast lights which illume and glorify the celestial expance; who in roaming the fields is not charmed with the verdure and blossoms of spring, with the scenery and fruits of summer, with the business, the abundance, and the joys of autumn; and who amidst the blasts and terrors of this dreary season, cannot cheerfully participate in the sweets of retirement. As the operations of nature continually call upon man to be diligent, so her varieties invite him to be cheerful. Because perpetual sunshine would dazzle and fatigue us, the face of the sky is regularly darkened by the shades of night, and occasionally veiled by angry storms. Because an uninterrupted series of prosperity would make us vain, arrogant, and luxurious, we are sometimes visited with affliction.—Still it is the design of heaven to make us happy; and ours alone is the fault if we are otherwise.—What though then, amid unnumbered blessings, we may recollect designs which have failed, and hopes which have withered; what if we could find friends in sackcloth and enemies in triumph; what though the thunders of war are heard among distant nations, and black clouds begin to gather in our own hemesphere: yet sorrow and sadness were not made for man.—Come hither cheerfulness, for thou art the health and shunshine of the soul. Thine are the tranquil spirits, the even temper, and the serene brow. Under thy smiling reign we will seldom be transported with mirth, and seldom despond under trouble; we will receive with gratitude, and suffer with constancy; we will be moderate in affluence, and in want contented; and will meet the turbulent and fleeting vicissitudes of life with a manly fortitude and christian composure.

[*Anthology.*]

BOSTON, *August* 21.

The Tunisian ambassador has taken his passage on board the ship Two Brothers, capt. Chandler, for Tunis, and will sail in a few days. This vessel, has, we understand, been chartered by the government of the United States, for the purpose of taking home his excellency: his baggage, presents, and the effects of his suite have been removed from the U. S. brig *Franklin*, on board this ship and will form the principal part of her cargo.

AUGUST 22.—Circumstances seem still to delay the return of the Tunisian Ambassador to his own country. We understand that he has proceeded to Washington to have an interview with the president or some of the heads of Departments.

NEW-YORK, *August* 27.

Yesterday, about half an hour after one, o'clock in the afternoon, the Powder House at Brooklyn, belonging to Mr. Lewis Sands, blew up.—it contained four hundred casks of powder. The explosion was dreadful; but the persons employed in the house being at dinner, no lives being lost. The materials of the building were blown to a great distance; some of the fragments, it is said, were thrown into this city. The damage done to the adjacent buildings, by the breaking of windows, &c. is considerable. A rope walk near the spot was levelled with the ground: and the nursery garden of Mr. John Hastings

sustained much injury. An opinion prevails that the explosion was not the effect of mere accident.

Patent Cannon.

A few days past has been exhibited in this city a piece of iron ordnance of 3 lbs. calliber, made on an entire new construction, by Capt. Salmon Hunt, at his forge in Canaan, Connecticut. The piece is made of concave pieces of iron welded on to a centre piece, forming a solid mass, and bored out to the Caliber required so as to make the grain of the iron run round the piece instead of in a horizontal direction, by which the gun is much stronger than those made in the former method. This and a mate to it at home, he has tried and found to be of excellent proof, and he intends presenting them to the legislature of Connecticut for their approbation, with a view to supply the militia of that state with pieces of this construction instead of those commonly in use. They will cost considerably less than brass, are much better by being secure from bursting by the circular form of their manufacture.

[*Hudson Bee*]

PHILADELPHIA, *August* 27.

We have the satisfaction to state, that Mr. Lippencott, of the city, is not among the number of unfortunate men who lost their lives at Laguira. We have this morning seen a letter from him, dated July 23, stating that 10 of their number had been executed; and that he and the remainder were doomed to 10 years imprisonmhnt, not in the mines, but in the Castles. Capt. Huddle of this city, was shot through the body, died in the action between the schoonehs and their captors. With regard to the fate of Kirkland and Ledlie, we also learn that neither of them were ever on board the sch'rs captured. The Marquis Yrujo has a list of the sufferers, with the particulars of their trial.

Capt. Whitby, of the British frigate Leander, was challenged at Halifax by an a American gentleman. He declined it by saying that his duty to his sovereign forbid it.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY EVENING, September 9, 1806.

IN pursuance of a general notice, by a committee for that purpose appointed a large and respectable meeting of *Constitutional Republicans*, convened at the court house in Butler, on Tuesday the 2d of this inst. for the purpose of putting in nomination a suitable person as a candidate at the next Election, to represent us in Congress, and also a suitable person as a candidate for the county of Butler, to represent this district in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, it was unanimously agreed, that JOHN WILKINS, *Jr.* of Pittsburgh, should be supported at the ensuing election as a delegate to Congress—and by a large majority, that JOHN M'BRIDE be supported to represent us in the Assembly of Pennsylvania.

Resolved by the meeting, That a standing committee of five, be appointed to correspond with the counties with which we are connected in our Elections,

David Dougal,
John M'Candless, Esq.
Ephraim Harris, Esq.
Abdiel M'Clure, Esq.
David Sutton,

were appointed a Committee for that purpose.

Resolved, That the above proceedings be published in the Tree of Liberty and the Pittsburgh Gazette, for the information of the citizens of the district. Signed

THOMAS GILCHRIST, Chairman.
JAMES DUNLAP, Secretary.

The delegates chosen for the purpose of fixing on a Ticket for the ensuing Election, recommended the following to the consideration of their fellow citizens:—

For Congress.—John Wilkins, Jr.
Assembly.—Robert Baldwin, of Allegheny County.
James Carothers, Beaver.
John M'Bride, Butler.
Commissioner.—John Darragh.
Coroner.—William Porter.

If the people of this district are desirous to preserve the Constitution inviolate; if they wish to have their public affairs faithfully and honestly administered, they will support the above ticket at the ensuing election. Experience, however, has clearly shewn, that wishes without exertion, are fallacious. It is the incumbent duty, therefore, of the well disposed citizens to come boldly forward on the second Tuesday in October next, and by their independent suffrage, shew to the world that they are determined to support their rights from the unhallowed grasp of innovaters and reformers.

Next to the fable of the Man and his Goose that laid the golden egg, the following lines written some years ago for the use of the French, are recommended to the perusal of the hot-headed politicians of all parties, names, sects, and descriptions who have any barns to burn, OR TO BE BURNT.

THE KNIGHT AND THE RATS.

A Knight liv'd in the west not long ago,
Like Knight's in general, not *o'erwise* I trow—
This Knight's great barn was visited by rats,
In spite of poison, gins, and owls and cats:

Like millers taking toll of the sweet corn,
Carous'd they happily from night to morn.

Lo, waxing wroth, that neither gins nor cats
Nor owls, nor poison, could destroy the rats:
'Ill nab them by a scheme, by heav'ns' quoth he:
So of his neighbourhood he rous'd the mob,
Farmers and farmers boys, to do this job;
His servants too of high and low degree;
And eke the tribes of dog, by sound of horn,
To kill the rats that dar'd to taste the corn.

This done, the Knight, resolv'd with god-like ire
Ran to his kitchen for a stick of fire,
From whence intrepid to the barn he ran;
Much like the MACEDONIAN and fair Punk,
Who, at Persepolis so very drunk,
Did with their links the mighty ruin plan.

Now, 'midst the dwelling flew the blazing stick:
Soon from the flames rush'd forth the rats so thick;
Men, dogs, and bats, in furious war unite—
The conquer'd rats lie sprawling on the ground;
The Knight, with eyes triumphant, stares around,
Surveys the carnage, and enjoys the sight.

Not e'en ACHILLES saw, so blest, his blade
Dismiss whole legions to the infernal shade!

But, lo! at length by this rat-driving flame,
Burnt was the corn—the walls down thund'ring came;
The meaning of it was not far to learn—
When turning up those billiard-balls his eyes,
That held a pretty portion of surprise,
"Zounds! what a blockhead! I have *burnt the barn!*"

Married, At Meadville, H. J. HUIDEKOPER, Esq. Agent for the Holland Company, to Miss REBECCA CALHOON, of this place.

PROPOSALS

FOR building *BRIDGES* over the mouth of the Four and Nine Mile Runs, where the new road from Pittsburgh to the mouth of Turtle creek crosses the said runs, will be received at the Commissioners Office of Allegheny County, until the 17th day of this instant.

JAMES KERWIN,
WILLIAM M'CLURE,
JAMES SAMPLE,
} *Commissioners of Allegheny C'y.*

Pittsburgh, September 3d, 1806.

FOR SALE

A Handsome two story HOUSE, with excellent back buildings, stables, &c. in the town of Clarksville. The House is all well finished, except a small part of the upper story, and is now occupied by the owner as a Public House. The stand is one of the best in town. To accommodate the purchaser of the House, he will sell an Out Lot containing six acres, which is excellent for pasture. The terms will be made known on application to JACOB HOLTZ, in Clarksville.

September 2, 1806.

Lots in the Town of BETHLEHEM

Will be offered for SALE on TUESDAY the 21st day of October next, on the premises.

THIS Town is handsomely situated on the eastern bank of the Tuscarawa river, in Columbiana county, state of Ohio, on fractions No. 5, 6 and 8, in the 9th township, and 9th range, about 12 miles north west of the corner of the old seven ranges, and 9 miles south west of Canton.

A state road is already opened from Steubenville to the said corner of the seven ranges, from whence it will shortly be extended to this town, where it will be intersected by others leading from New-Lisbon, Nimishillen, Ogna-burgh and Canton, on a direction to the new purchase lately made by Congress.

A valuable and extensive body of land lies in the neighbourhood which is rapidly settling, the produce of which may be transported from this place by water to the Ohio.

These advantages combining with others which can only be discovered by a geographical knowledge of the country, must inevitably render BETHLEHEM in a very short time a place of considerable importance.

Attention will be given by

ROBERT RICHIE, jun'r. and
ISAAC JENKINSON,
Attorney for Tunis & Annesly.

Steubenville, August 30, 1806.

*** *Robert Richie and Isaac Jenkinson are also authorised to sell a number of valuable Tracts of Land on Tuscarawa river, and in other places.*

WOOL CARDING *MACHINERY.*

THE subscriber respectfully informs the farmers and others in thi neighbourhood, that he has lately erected, at a considerable expence, *AN ENGINE FOR CARDING OF WOOL*, upon Eltonhead's improved plan, and is now ready to receive wool, in its raw state, for breaking and carding, at the following prices:—

When broke for hatters' use, 5 cents per pound.
When made into rolls for spinning, 10 cents.
And when colours are to be mixed, 12 cents.

Previous to the wool being sent to the engine the burs and sticks must be picked out, and the clean wool sent in a cloath or blanket, with one pound of grease to eight pounds of wool.

The carded wool, broke or in rolls, will be carefully packed up in the same cloth in which it is sent; and be found to spin with greater ease, and make better cloth, than any carded by hand.

The machinery has been made by Mr. Eltonhead, one of the first artists in the country—and is in complete operation, at Mr. Bausman's Mill, opposite Pittsburgh, on the Monongahela river.

JESSE GOODRICH.

August 27, 1806. 3t.

Five Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber living in St. Clair township, Allegheny county, on the 31st of August last, an indented boy named JAMES HASLET, about 15 years of age, has a bold, forward look, and very free in conversation, had on a round-about jacket and trowsers of country linnen, and black waistcoat. It is supposed he is gone to the east of the mountains. The above reward, without charges, will be paid to whoever will deliver said boy to the subscriber.

WILLIAM WOODS.

September 26, 1806.

Sportsmen, Take Notice!

ON the 7th of October next, a Purse of *Sixty Dollars* will be run for over a handsome course at M'Kees Port, free for any horse, mare or gelding, to be won by the best two of three, three mile heats.

On Wednesday the 8th a Purse of *Forty Dollars* will be run for, over the same course, free as above (the winning horse of the first day excepted.) to be won by the best two, of three two mile heats.

One Thursday the 9th, a Purse consisting of all the Entrance money, of the two preceding days, will be run for over the same course, free as above (the winning horses of the first days excepted,) to be won by the best two of one and a half mile heats.

Those who enter either horse, mare or gelding must confine themselves to the principles of racing, so as to avoid any thing unfair. No regard will be paid to the weight of the rider; and not less than three horses to start for each purse.

M'Kee's Port, September 8th, 1806.

NOTICE.

THAT the subscriber about four years ago purchased a Tract of Land from a certain Thomas Arnold of Mercer county, for which the said Arnold was bound by contract to furnish a compleat title from the land office. In consequence of this contract I paid him a certain sum in hand then agreed upon, and gave him no less than seventeen notes of hand, each for seven pounds currency, payable at different periods; and the said Arnold having failed or neglected for the space of three years, at least, to furnish the title agreeable to contract, and in all probability is likely never to complete it, I do hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on any of my notes given to the said Arnold.

DAVID LONG.

North Huntington township, Westmoreland county Sept. 1, 1806.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

at the Farm of the subscriber, on Grant's Hill, Pitt township, about three miles from Pittsburgh, on *TUESDAY* the 16th September, ensuing, a number of valuable

Horses Cows, Sheep, Hogs,

Farming Utensils, Household Furniture, &c. The Vendue will begin at 10 o'clock in the morning of said day, when the terms will be made known, and attendance given by

MARGARET DUNCAN.

August 25, 1806.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of MORDECAI M'LEOD, late of the Borough of Pittsburgh, Boat Builder, deceased, are requested to present them for settlement properly attested, to the subscribers; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

CATHARINE M'LEOD, Adminx.
GEORGE ROBINSON, Adminr.

Pittsburgh, September 1, 1806. 6w.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS *Mary Dugall*, wife of the subscriber, has left his bed and board without any provocation, and taken eight children with her, to the great grief and distress of the subsriber. I therefore caution all persons from trusting or harbouring her on my account, or taking any indenture on, or employing the children, by her consent alone; as I am determined not to pay any debts she may contract, or suffer any act she may do, binding on my part, as to the children.

John Dugall.

Butler County, August 20, 1806.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT forty miles from Pittsburgh on the Ohio river, a handsome tract of 400 Acres of Land, a large proportion thereof is first rate, about thirty acres under improvement, there are three excellent Sugar Camps, a Grist mill and Distillery in good repair on the premises. It is well calculated for Ship or Boat Building, abounding with timber of the first quality, the buildings are replete with conveniencies for the immediate reception of a family; likewise on the bank of the river, a good House and valu- Lots, an eligible stand for a store or any other business. The property will be disposed of low for cash. The title is indisputable. For terms apply to *WILLIAM C. LARWILL*, Attorney at Law, at the Post Office, Fawcett's Town, State of Ohio, who has several other Tracts of Land for Sale in this neighbourhood.

August 15, 1806. tf

For Sale at this Office, neatly printed,
THE TABLE OF FEES,
established by law for Justices of the Peace and Constables.

FOR SALE.

A likely young mulatto girl who has about 18 years to serve. Enquire of the Printer. September 8, 1806.

Taken up a Bay Horse, about 15 hands high, shod before, has a speck on his right eye, and a small lump on his back. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

HENRY BOLLINGER, High Constable.

Pittsburgh, *September* 6, 1806.

THOMAS LLOYD,

TAYLOR & HABIT MAKER,

BEGS leave to inform the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has entered into partnership with Mr. *LEWIS WARNER*, Taylor, in Second street, next door to the corner of Market street, where the said business will be carried on in all its various branches.

Previous to his leaving Philadelphia, he had furnished himself with all the newest fashions then prevailing, and likewise formed a correspondence with some of the first men in his line of business who have pledged themselves to forward to Pittsburgh the newest fashions each spring and fall, as they receive them from London, and from his experience in various parts of England and America, he has no doubt of giving satisfaction.

WARNER & LLOYD,

TAYLORS & HABIT MAKERS,

HAVE commenced business next door to the corner of Market in Second street, where Gentlemen's Cloathes and Ladies' Habits, will be made in the newest and most approved fashions.

They flatter themselves, that from their experience in business, they will be able to give ample satisfaction to those who may think proper to favour them with their custom, and hope that they will meet with a share of public patronage.

N. B. Naval and Military Uniforms, Ladies' Great Coats, Spencers, and Peleceis made in the neatest manner, and to suit their present dress.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 1, 1806.

SAMUEL DAVIS,

Having dissolved partnership with Mr. Johnston, has commenced the

Clock, Watch & Silversmith *Business,*

In Market Street between Second and Third Streets, opposite Mr. Spencer's Tavern.

Attention to this bussiness, in its various branches, together with *Hair Work*, executed in the neatest manner, he flatters himself, he will receive a share of the public patronage.

Pittsburgh, August 11th, 1806.

N. B. The higest price given for old gold and silver.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A Journeyman Stone Cutter,

WHO will meet with steady employment and good wages. Also a young lad about 16 or 17 years of age as an apprentice to the above Trade. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON, en of St. Andrew's Bridge.

Pittsburgh August 18, 1806.

To Booksellers and Storekeepers.

JACOB D. DIETRICK,

PRINTER AND BOOKSELLER, HAGERSTOWN, MARYLAND.

HAS NOW IN THE PRESS, HIS

Washington or Hagerstown German Almanack for 1807.

To be neatly printed on good paper, and will be well bound, and which are in great demand in the states of Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, and with which he will be happy to supply those persons who may want, on the very lowest terms, and will deliver them (free of expence) in Greencastle, Chambersburgh, or Shippensburgh, as may be required, from which places they can be forwarded to any part of the Western Country—those who will want are requested to give early information, mentioning what quantity, so that they may be forwarded as soon as finished.

N. B. Letters per post will receive immediate attention. 1aw3teop9w.

By yesterday's Mail.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 1.

Latest from Europe,

Our Correspondents at New-York have furnished us with London dates to the 10th of July. Their contents, in regard to the *Prospect of a Peace in Europe*, are more authoritative than any thing previously received. Amid the conflict of opinions on this subject, one fact now appears indisputable—*i. e.* that explanations and negociation have advanced so far between the two countries as to leave but few points and those of inferior consideration, for future adjustment. If we are permitted to give full credit to the advices, France appears certainly to yield more to her enemy than could have been expected either from her past conduct or her present attitude in the world. It remains to be seen whether treachery has not been at work.

A detachment of United States Troops, consisting of seventy non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, under the command of Lieut. E. B. Clemson, embarked yesterday for Fort Jay, on board the sloop Hudress for Albany, destined to the lakes, for the completion of the Garrisons of Fort Michilimackinac, Fort Dearborn at Chicago, and Fort Wayne.

JOSEPH HARBESON,

At the sign of the STILL, *in Market Street, between Second & Third Sreets, just from Philadelphia, has commenced the* Copper and Tin Manufactures, *in Pittsburgh, and has now for Sale, and shall continue to keep a supply of all sizes of Stills demanded.*

STILLS of every size and description,
Copper Boilers for Brewers,
Hatters' Kettles,
Soap Boilers' ditto,
Tea Kettles,
Brass and copper Wash Kettles, and every other article in the Copper line.
A handsome assortment of Tin Ware.

It being his intention to pursue the business extensively, he hopes for the patronage of the Public, and any orders left shall be punctually fulfilled, and at the most reasonable prices.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1805.

N. B. Merchantable Whiskey at Market Price, taken in part pay for Stills.

A few Barrels good Whiskey, for Sale
One new *Brewing Copper*, ready made containing near 700 gallons.

☞ TIN by the box, for Sale.

He intends keeping on hand from 50 to 100 Stills, assorted. Any person living at a distance will not meet with a disappointment by sending here for Stills.

TURNPIKE ROAD.

A BOOK for subscriptions to the Harrisburgh and Pittsburgh artificial road, is this day opened, and ready for subscribers, at the store of Col. THOMAS BAIRD, the corner of Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

NATHANIEL IRISH,
THOMAS BAIRD,
JAMES O'HARA,
SAMUEL EWALT,
A. TANNEHILL,
} Commissioners.

June 11, 1806. tf.

FOR SALE.

A Valuable Tract of Land,

In Peters Township, Washington County, on a branch of Peters creek, containing about 900 acres, equal, if not superior in quality and situation to most land in this country, and not more than four miles from the Monongahela river, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, the great road from which to Brownsville, passes thro' the tract, as also the road from Elizabeth Town to Washington; there are several Meeting Houses in the neighbourhood and Mills and Distilleries convenient. There is three farms on this tract containing upwards of 176 acres of cleared land well improved, the residue well timbered and watered, a considerble part of which being well adapted for meadow. The whole will be sold together or sub-divided, to suit purchasers. A small part of the purchase money will be expected at the time of sale, for the remainder a credit will be given bearing interest. An indisputable title with a general warrantee will be given. This tract adjoins that on which James Barclay now lives, and is occupied by James Anderson, Samuel Price, and Henry Potter, tenants, who will shew the premises. For further particulars apply to the proprietors in Pittsburgh.

PRESLEY NEVILL,
ISAAC CRAIG.

March 1, 1804.

JOHN CARR,

Cabinet, Chair Maker & Turner,

LATELY FROM PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFLLY informs his friends and the Public in general, that he has removed to the three story frame House, next door to the corner of Front in Market Street, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, where he continues to carry on the Cabinet and Chair Making in all its various branches. Orders of every description will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

J. CARR, takes the liberty of informing them that he intends pursuing his business extensively, and has procured excellent journeymen from Philadelphia, as well as a good supply of stuff. He has now on hand a handsome assortment of Furniture, which he will WARRANT, and is determined to sell at the most reduced prices. He returns his sincere thanks for their past favours and hopes by his experience and attention to his business to merit a continuance of them.

Merchants and others descending the river, can be supplied at the shortest notice, for cash or the usual credit.

N. B. Country produce at market price taken in exchange for furniture.

Pittsburgh, September 5, 1805.

DAVID M'KEEHAN'S

Book Catalogue.

(CONTINUED FROM NO. 1039.)

RELIGION.

ADDISON'S Evidences of the Christian Religion, to which are added several discourses against Atheism and Infidelity, and in defence of Christian Revelation; with a preface containing the sentiments of Mr. Boyle, Mr. Lock, and Sir Isaac Newton, concerning the Gospel Revelation. 1st American edition
Allein's Alarm to unconverted sinners
Abbadies Treatise on the Divinity of Christ
Abridgment of the Christian Doctrine of the Catholic Church, by Bishop Hay
Abridgment of Scripture History
Afflicted Man's Companion, by the Rev. Mr. John Willison
BIBLES. Sundry numbers of Carey's FAMILY BIBLE, with and without the Apocrypha, Psalms, Concordance, Maps and Historical engravings; of various qualities and prices
Osterwald's FAMILY BIBLE, with arguments perfixed to the different books; and moral and theological observations illustrating each chapter
First and second volumes of Scott's Family Bible, now publishing in four volumes quarto, with original notes, practical observations, and copious marginal references: the first American from the second London edition, improved and enlarged. Purchasers will be furnished with the two remaining volumes and subscriptions received for the whole
Octavo Bibles: Young's American edition
Large octavo Bibles, with Apocrypha: an American edition
Canne's Bible; Edenburgh edition, with Psalms, marginal notes and references
School and common Bibles
ditto with the Psalms
Pocket Bibles, Woodward's American editon with Psalms
ditto elegantly bound in morocco and lettered
Pocket Bible, an Edenburgh edition with Psalms
ditto gilt
ditto elegantly bound and gilt
German Family Bibles, quarto, with the Apocrypha
ditto large Bibles with ditto
Brady and Tate's Psalms
Bates on the Harmony of the Divine attributes in the Contrivance and Accomplishment of man's redemption
Bunyan's minor works; containing the Water of Life; Solomon's Temple Spiritualized; Christ a complete Saviour; Divine Breathings; and Grace Abounding
Bunyan's Holy War
ditto with explanatory and practical notes, embellished with engravings
Bunyan's Grace Abounding
Pilgrim's Progress
ditto elegantly bound, with a likeness and plates
Beauties of Nature delineated
ditto of the Bible
ditto of Watts
ditto of Feltham
ditto of Hervey
Bennet's Discourses on the credibility of the scriptures: in which the truth, inspiration, and usefulness of the scriptures are asserted and proved.
Brown's introduction to the right understanding of the Oracles of God
Ditto Christian Journal
Baxter's Saint's Everlasting Rest
Philosophical and Critical Inquiries concerning Christianity, by M. Charles Bonnet of Geneva, F. R. S. with an elegant likeness of the author
Beveridge's private thoughts on Religion
Boston's Fourfold State
Baptist Church Discipline
Balm of Gilead
Butler's Analogy of Religion, Natural & Revealed, to the constitution and course of nature; to which are added two brief Dissertations, on personal Identity and the nature of virue, together with a charge delivered to the Clergy of the Diocese of Durham
Burgh's Dignity of Human Nature; or a brief account of the certain and established means for attaining the true End of our Existence
Burkitt's Commentaries on the New Testament, folio

William P. Farrand & Co's.

CLASSICAL AND LITERARY
BOOK-STORE,

SIGN OF MINERVA, NO. 185, MARKET-STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

For Sale, Wholesale and Retail.

AN extensive assortment of *Books*, in the Hebrew, Greek, Latin, and modern Languages: also, of Literary, Religious, and Historical works—An establishment particularly designed to afford general supplies of books for classical and professional readers, and for literary institutions: also, the most valuable selections for private libraries.

A general assortment of *Books & Stationary Goods*, for the country; together with a variety of Mathematical, Optical and Fancy articles.

July 14. tf.

Lands for Sale.

LEET'S DISTRICT—Nos. 20 and 21, known by the name of Legionville:—also, Nos. 53, 54, 55, 56, 71, 74, 132, 137, 141.

BRADEN'S DISTICT.—Nos. 58, 59, 61, 62, 75.

ALEXANDER'S DISTRICT.--Nos. 13, 25, 54, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64.

Liberal credit will be given for a great part of the purchase money:—For the terms of Sale, apply to JOHN WAY, Esquire, Sewickly Bottom, on the Ohio, or to JAMES ROSS, Esquire, Pittsburgh.

April 14, 1804.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have just received a fresh supply of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which they are determined to sell low for Cash, or such country produce as will meet their approbation.

They have also,

Barr Iron, and Castings,

by the ton; with a large assortment of

Drugs and Patent Medicine,

AS USUAL.

WRENSHALL & BOGGS.

Pittsburgh, 27th May, 1806. 6m.

Banton & Miltenberger,

(Lately from Philadelphia.)

Copper Smiths, Tin Plate Workers and Japanners.

HAVE *commenced their Manufactory at the corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh. They flatter themselves that from a number of years experience in the different branches of their business, they will be able to give satisfaction to all those who may please to favour them with their commands.*

They not only warrant their work good, but also elegant of the kind; their Japanned Ware for strength and beauty, is superior to any manufactured in the United States, and as they intend to have always on hand an handsome assortment of COPPER, TIN and JAPANNED WARES, of every description, Merchants and others can have their orders executed on the shortest notice, and at a very reduced price; they therefore hope by their attention, punctuality and good workmanship, to merit the patronage of the public.

N. B. Old Waiters, Bread Trays &c. Japanned.

☞ *Sign Painting on Japanned Tin, neatly executed.*

*** *Banton & Miltenberger, inform the citizens of the Western Country, &c. that they have a large and extensive assortment of STILLS, of every size, manufactured by them—so that persons wishing to purchase may be accomodated on as good terms as at any other place, and may be suited to their mind.*

Pittsburgh, February 10th, 1806.

JOHN BAIRD,

TAYLOR.

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers, and the public in general, that he has just received the latest LONDON FASHIONS from his friend in Philadelphia, who regularly receives them every Spring and Fall. Those who choose to favor him him with their custom may rely on having their work done in the neatest manner. He hopes by his strict attention to business and the superior workmen which he has in his employ, to give general satisfaction.

He likewise has received the latest London Fashions for Ladies Habits, Spencers Peleceis, &c. &c.

N. B. Naval and Military Uniforms executed in the neatest and most complete manner.

Two Apprentices, that can be well recommended, will be taken on liberal terms.

Pittsburgh, July 7, 1806.

BARLEY.

Fifty Three Cents per bushel will be given for good merchantable Barley at the Pittsburgh Point Brewery—but none will be received before the 20th of August.

For James O'Hara,
GEORGE SHIRAS.

July 31, 1806.

Take Notice.

THE subscriber having declined business for some time, requests all indebted to him by bond, note or book account, to settle the same by the first of July next.—Those who neglect this notice may rely on it that prompt and decisive measures will be taken for the recovery of the same.

ABNER BARKER.

Pittsburgh, 7th May, 1806.

N. B. The subscriber has on hands an elegant assortment of *Superfine* and *Common Boulting Cloths*, which he will warrant good.

FOR SALE,

Land on the Franklin Road,

Within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh.

I will sell nine small surveys, containing from 70 to 150 acres in each tract, within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh, on the Franklin road. For terms apply to Henry Haslet, Esq. who is fully authorised to sell and convey, or to

JOHN WILKINS, Jr.

Pittsburgh, July 12, 1805.

New Brick House and Lot

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell either of his new Two Story Brick Houses, situate in Wood Street. They are completely finished.—For terms apply to E. DENNY, or

A. JAMESON.

Pittsburgh, April 14, 1806.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber by bond, note, or book account are requested to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence will be given.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, July 7, 1806.

He has on hand a large and general assortment of

Dry Goods, Hardware and Groceries,

which he will sell low for Cash or Country Produce.

N. B. A Two Story Brick HOUSE, well finished, near the Market House, to be Rented.

Hemp wanted; for which a generous price will be given.

To Actual Settlers

IN BEAVER AND MERCER COUNTIES.

THE Pennsylvania Population Company being desirous to restore harmony among the persons seated on their lands in Beaver and Mercer Counties, and to promote mutual concord between their settlers, and those who have settled adversely to the Company, *GIVE NOTICE*, that although their title to all the aforesaid lands has been completely established by the late decisions in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States, yet they will not take advantage of the improvements made by such adverse settlers upon tracts not already sold or contracted for, but are willing to sell the lands to them at a price which they think they ought to bring, if no improvements were made thereon.

For the sale of these Lands my Office is kept at the Middle Falls of Big Beaver creek, four miles from Beaver town.

ENNION WILLIAMS,
Attorney for P. P. Co.

July 12, 1806. 3m

COTTON.

A quantity of first quality

Tennessee Cotton,

FOR SALE,

By the Bale. Approved endorsed notes at six, three, or two months, taken in payment.

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, June 3, 1806.

FOR SALE AT
T. CROMWELL'S
Commission Store.

FRENCH BRANDY,
Holland Gin,
Jamaica Spirits,
Lisbon Wine,
Cyder,
Peach Brandy,
Soal, Harness, and Upper Leather,
Superfine Flour of a superior quality, by the Barrel,
And a quantity of Lake Salt.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1806.

The Justices and Constables ASSISTANT;

By WM. GRAYDON, *Esquire.*

BEING a general collection of forms of practice, interpersed with various observations and directions; together with a number of adjudged cases, relative to the offices of justice and constable; with an appendix containing a variety of useful forms of conveyancing. this valuable book may be had at the Printing office of this Gazette. July 3, 1806.